Physical activity for adults and older adults



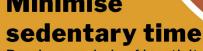
ce of	Type II Diabetes	-40%
chanc (Cardiovascular disease	-35%
	Falls, depression etc.	-30%
ices y	Joint and back pain	-25%
Redr	Cancers (colon and breast)	-20%

Some is good, more is better

Make a start today: it's never too late

Every minute counts





Break up periods of inactivity







For older adults, to reduce the

chance of frailty and falls

Improve balance 2 days a week

Physical activity for early years

(birth - 5 years)

Active children are healthy, happy, school ready and sleep better













Every movement counts





























Get Strong. Move More. Break up inactivity

Physical activity

for children and young people







MAINTAINS HEALTHY WEIGHT



DEVELOPS
CO-ORDINATION



STRENGTHENS
MUSCLES
&BONES



IMPROVES SLEEP



IMPROVES
CONCENTRATION
& LEARNING





MAKES YOU FEEL GOOD

Be physically active

Spread activity throughout the day

Aim for an average of at least

All activities should make you breathe faster & feel warmer





























Get strong



WEEK

Move more

Find ways to help all children and young people accumulate an average of at least 60 minutes physical activity per day across the week

UK Chief Medical Officers' Physical Activity Guidelines, 2019

Physical Activity For X Disabled Adults

Make it a daily habit

nisabled adults



Improves mental health and quality of life



Makes maintaining a healthy weight easier



Creates
opportunities to
meet new people
and feel part of
the community

Physical activity makes you feel good

Give things a go and enjoy what you do Being inactive is harmful to health

Makes daily tasks easier and increases independence

Helps to prevent chronic disease



Don't be still for too long

Even a little movement is better than nothing

Strengthens muscles and bones



Improves mobility and balance



Do strength and balance activities on at least two days per week For substantial health gains aim for at least 150 minutes each week of moderate intensity activity

Remember the talk test:



Can talk, but not sing = moderate intensity activity

Difficulty talking without pausing = vigorous intensity activity

UK Chief Medical Officers' Physical Activity Guidelines, 2019

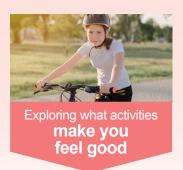
Physical Activity for Disabled Children and Disabled Young People

Getting and staying active is about

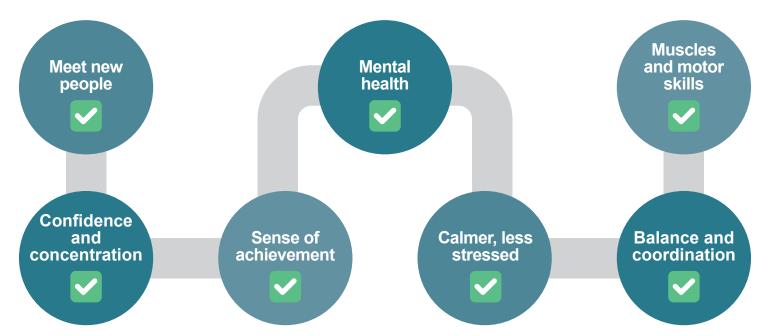








Benefits of physical activity



How much physical activity should I do?



Do bitesize chunks of physical activity throughout the day



Do challenging but manageable

strength and balance activities 3 times per week

Small amounts of physical activity are good for you as well





Helps to control weight gain



Helps reduce high blood pressure problems



Helps to prevent diabetes of pregnancy



Improves fitness

ZZ Improves sleep



Improves mood

Not active?

Start gradually

Home

Already active?

Keep going

minutes

of moderate intensity activity every week

Do **muscle** strengthening

activities twice a week

Every activity counts, every minute counts, more is better

No evidence of harm



Don't bump the bump

UK Chief Medical Officers' Physical Activity Guidelines, 2019